

Trends in de chemische analyses

Annemieke Kolkman

30 januari 2019



@KWR_Water

Chemicals – which ones to measure?



Knowns

- Industrial compounds,
- pharmaceuticals,
- pesticides,
- artificial sweeteners, etc

Unknowns

- Transformation products
- Water treatment

New technologies:

- Nanoparticles
- Microplastics

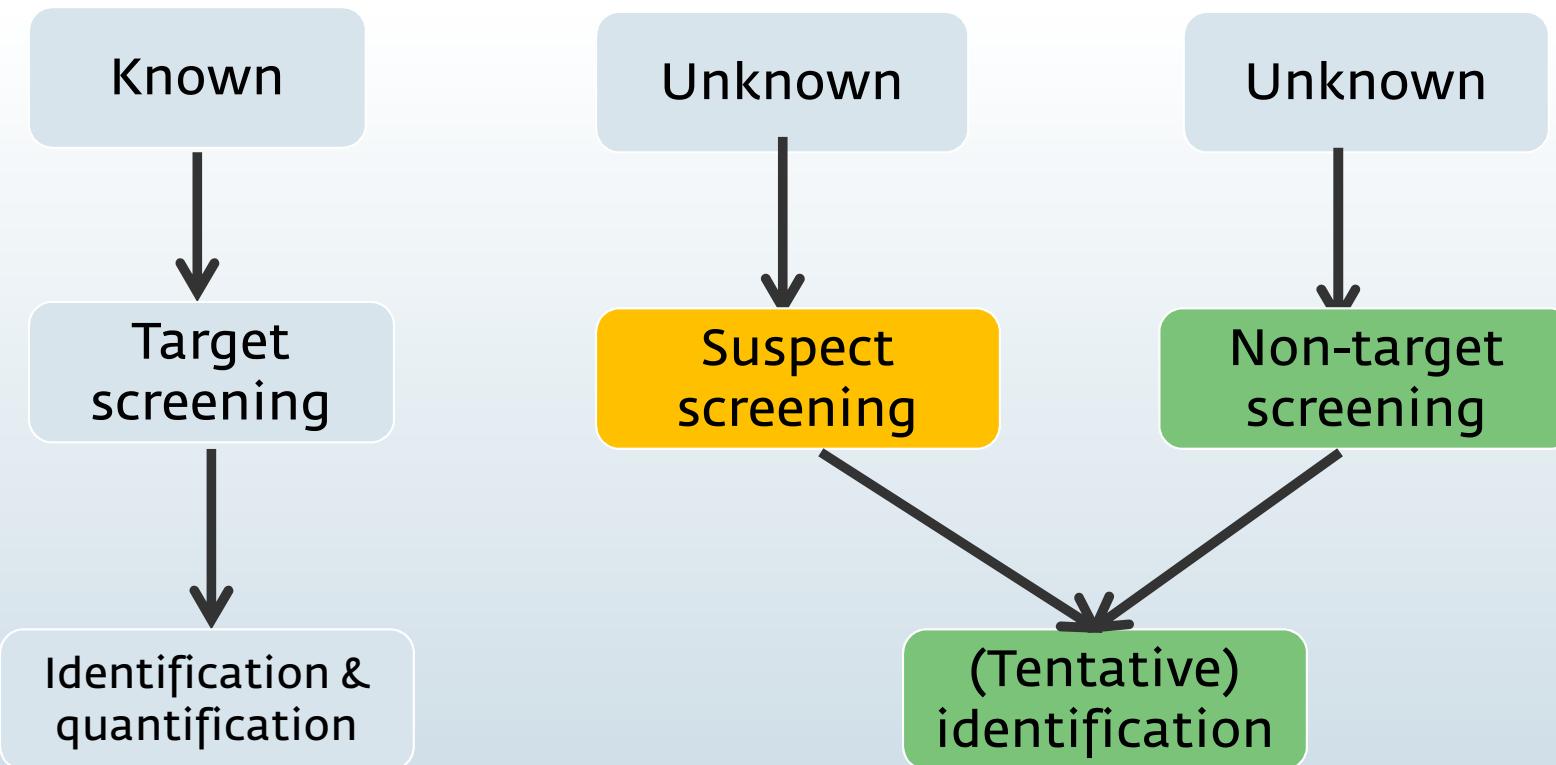
Trends

Chemische analyse van de waterkwaliteit

1. Suspect en Non-target screening
2. Zeer polaire stoffen
3. Bioassays
4. Analyse van deeltjes (nanoparticle, microplastics)

Trend 1

Target, suspect en non-target screening



Suspect Screening en Non Target Screening

Hoge resolutie massaspectrometer

Orbitrap Fusion - Thermo Scientific



QToF TripleTOF 5600+ Sciex



Non-target screening

Hoge resolutie, accurate massaspectrometrie

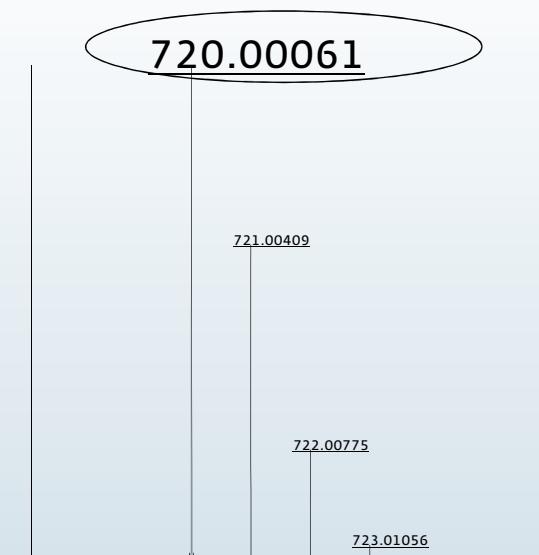
Not looking only at targets anymore

Buckyball "C₆₀"

Accurate mass: $60 \times 12 = 720$

But,... [M]⁻ is measured

1 electron weegt 0.00055 amu



Hoge resolutie MS

Samenstelling/brutoformule vaststellen

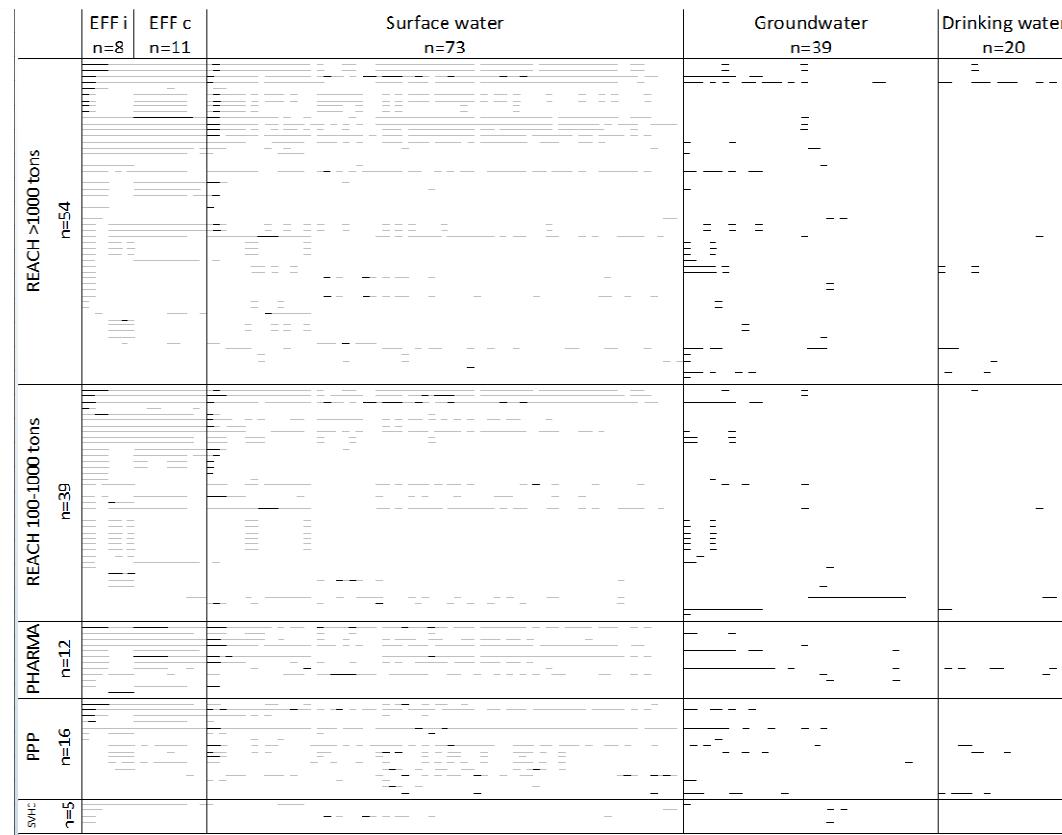
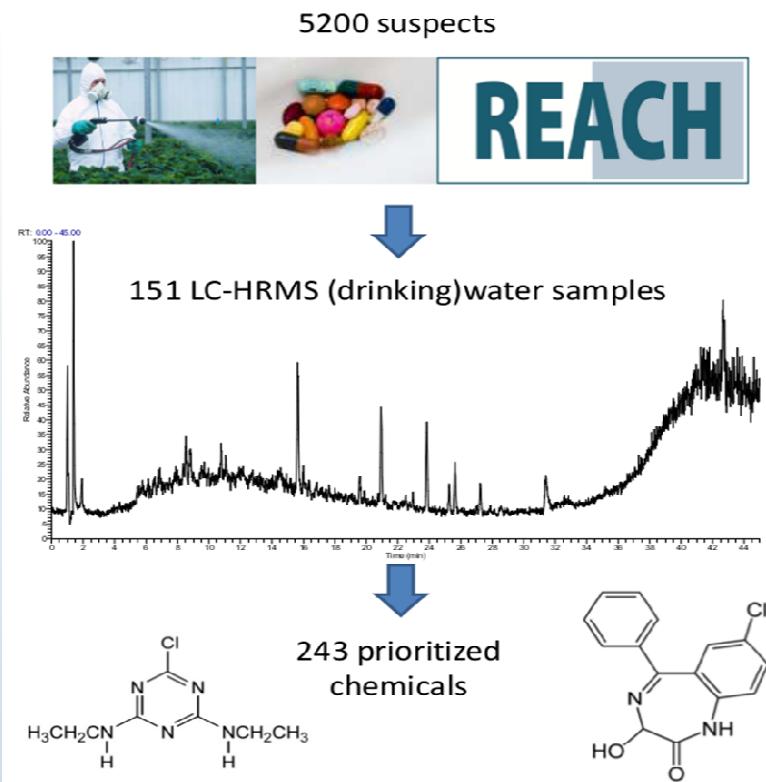
Elementen

C = 12.00000 N = 14.00307
H = 01.00783 P = 30.97376
O = 15.99491 F = 18.99840

Massa	Aantal mogelijkheden voor brutoformule
431	~ 10000
431.2	~ 1000
431.20	~ 100
431.199	~ 10
431.1992	~ 1

HOE ACCURATER DE MASSA, HOE ZEKERDER DE BRUTOFORMULE

Suspect screening waterkwaliteitsprofielen



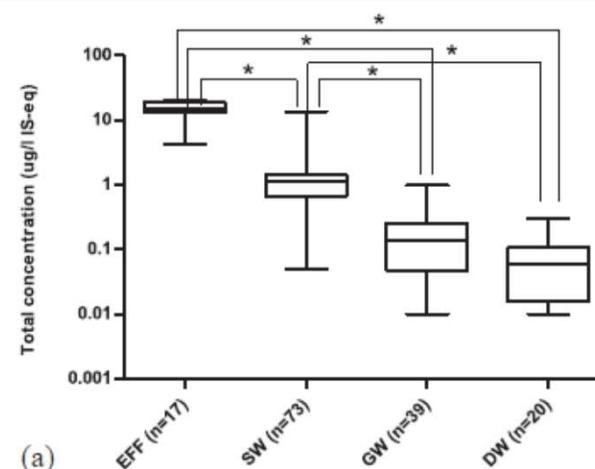
Suspect screening

waterkwaliteitsprofielen

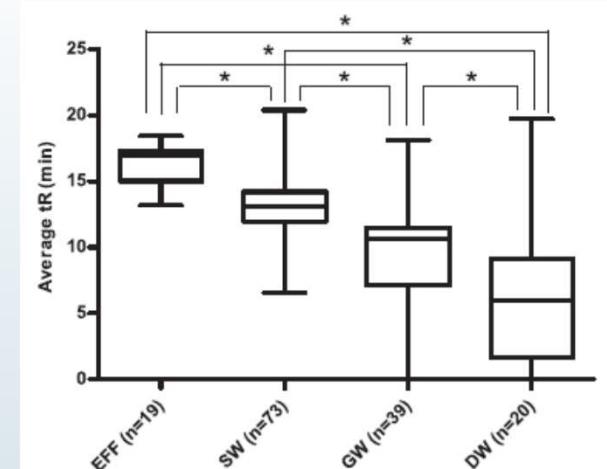
174 prioritized suspects, only 36 mentioned in literature EU target monitoring.

<25% prioritized by NORMAN & IAWR/RIWA

- suspect screening LC-HRMS complementary to target analysis
- Further confirmation identity needed



Conc. decrease in watercycle



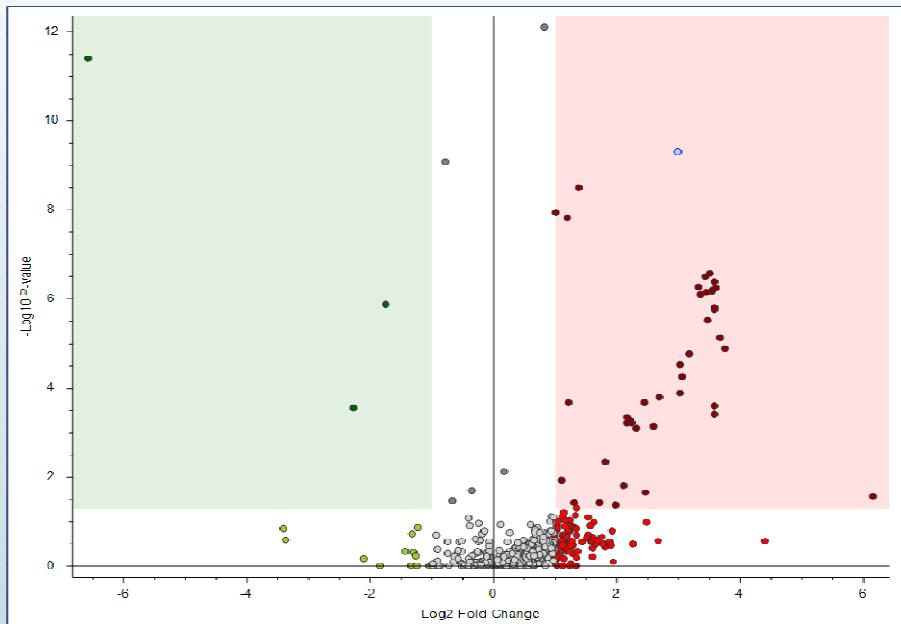
Polarity increase

Non-target screening

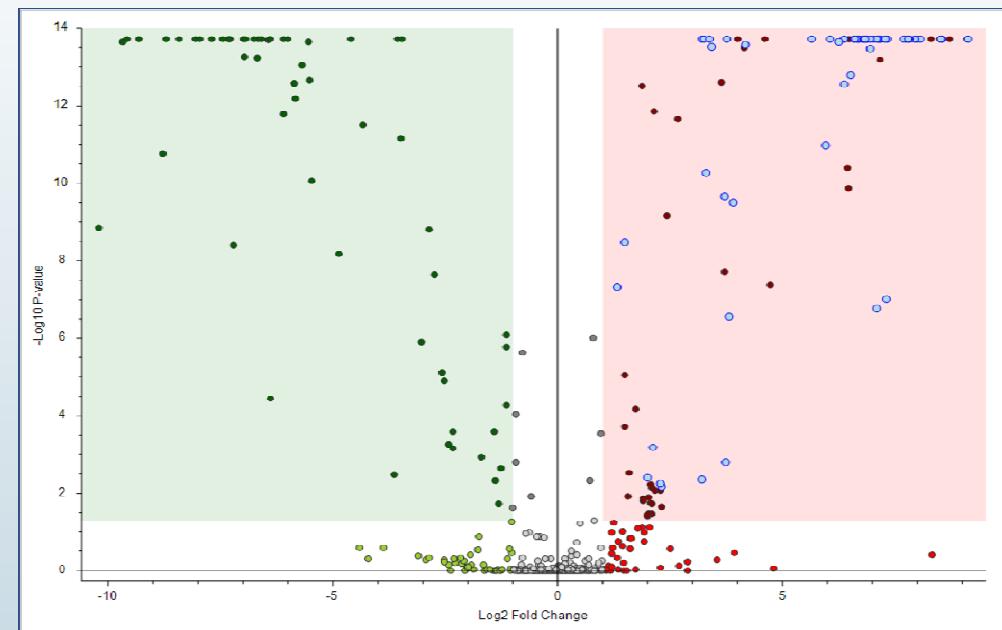
Transformatie producten gevormd tijdens zuivering

Volcano plots: log p-value versus log₂ fold change

SAND FILTRATION DAY 0



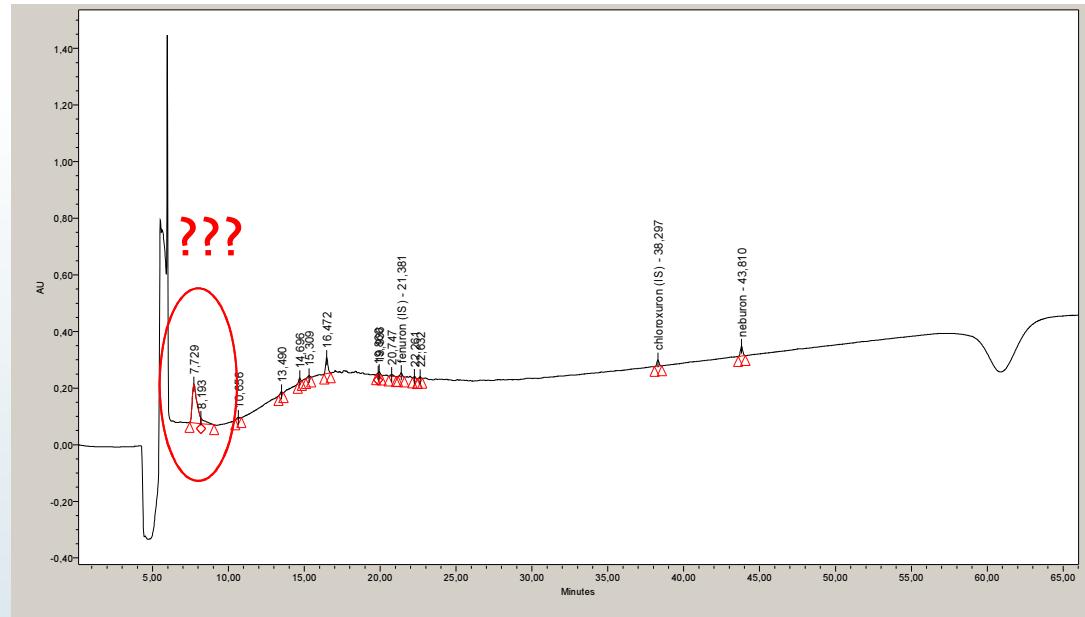
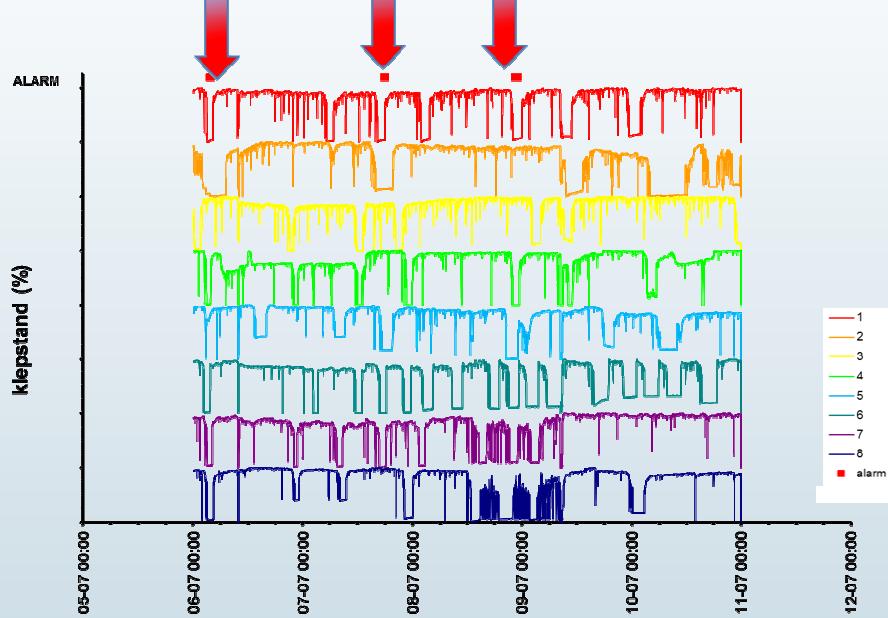
OZONATION 100UG/L SPIKE-IN, LOW OZONE CONC



Non-target screening

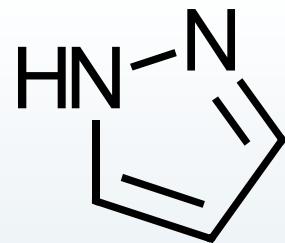
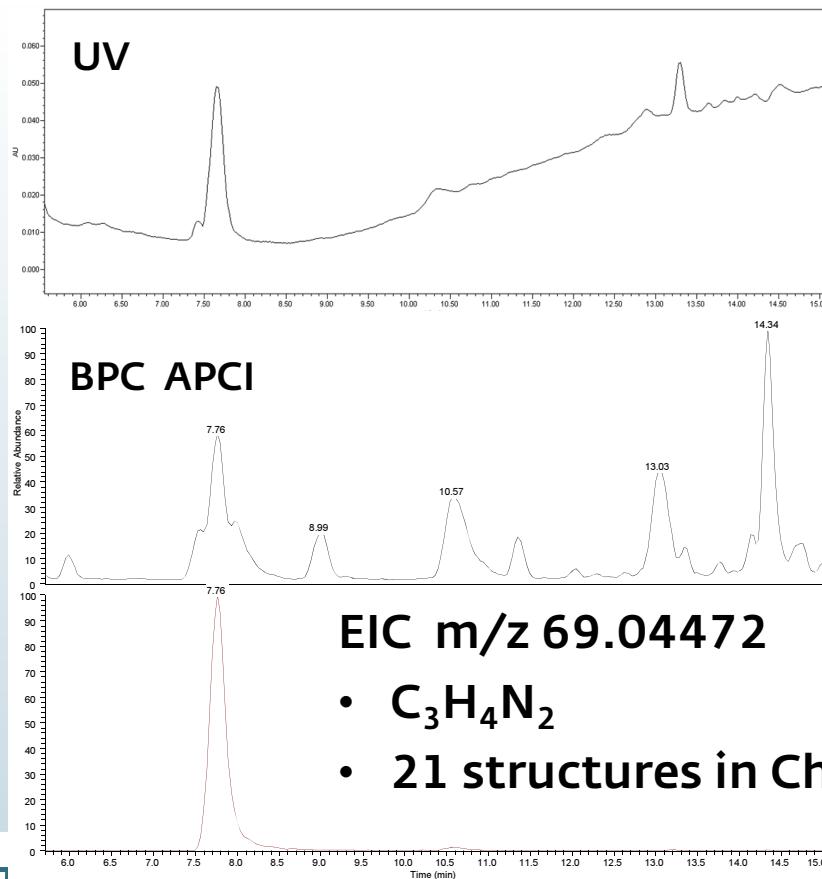
Identificatie van onbekenden

Summer of 2015, alarm in river Meuse



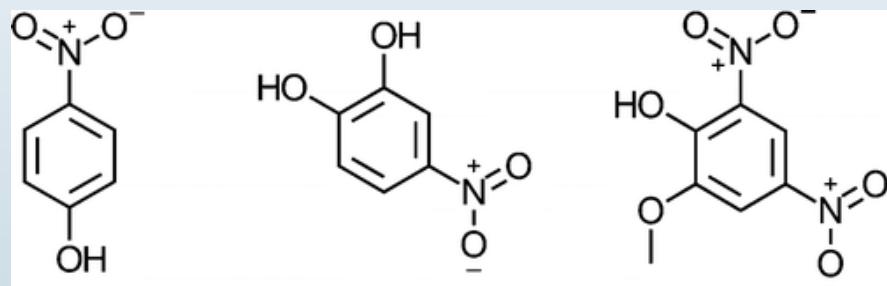
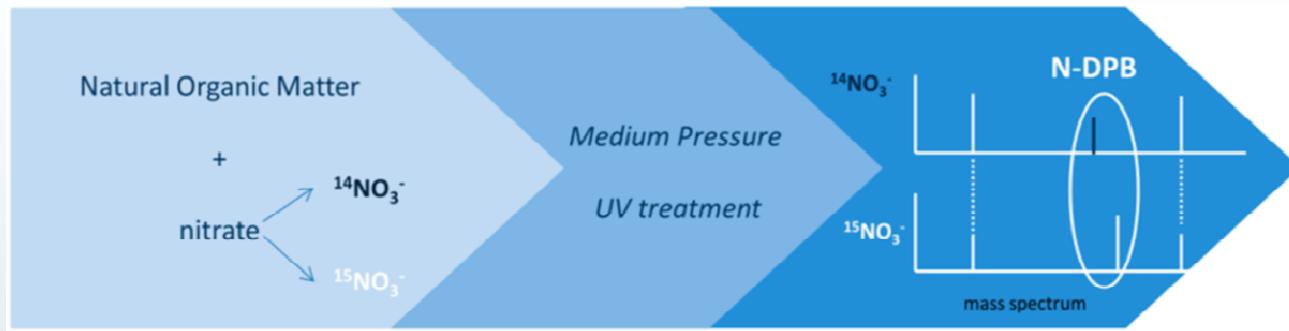
Non-target screening

Identificatie van onbekenden

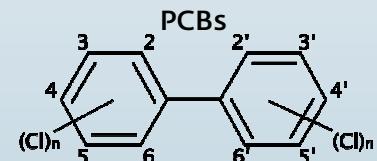
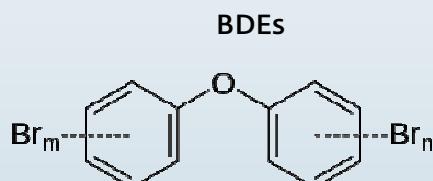
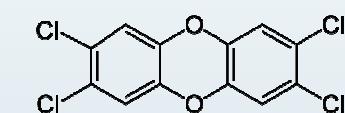
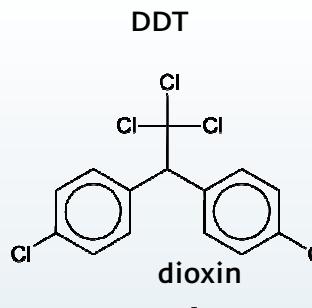


Non-target screening

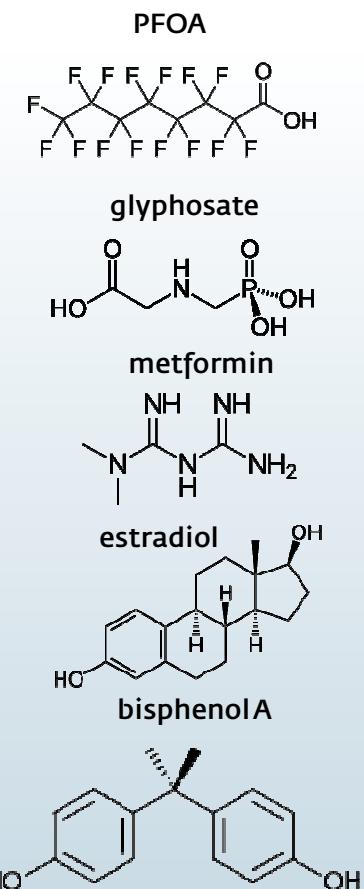
Traceren en identificatie N-DPBs



Shift from non-polar to polar environmental contaminants



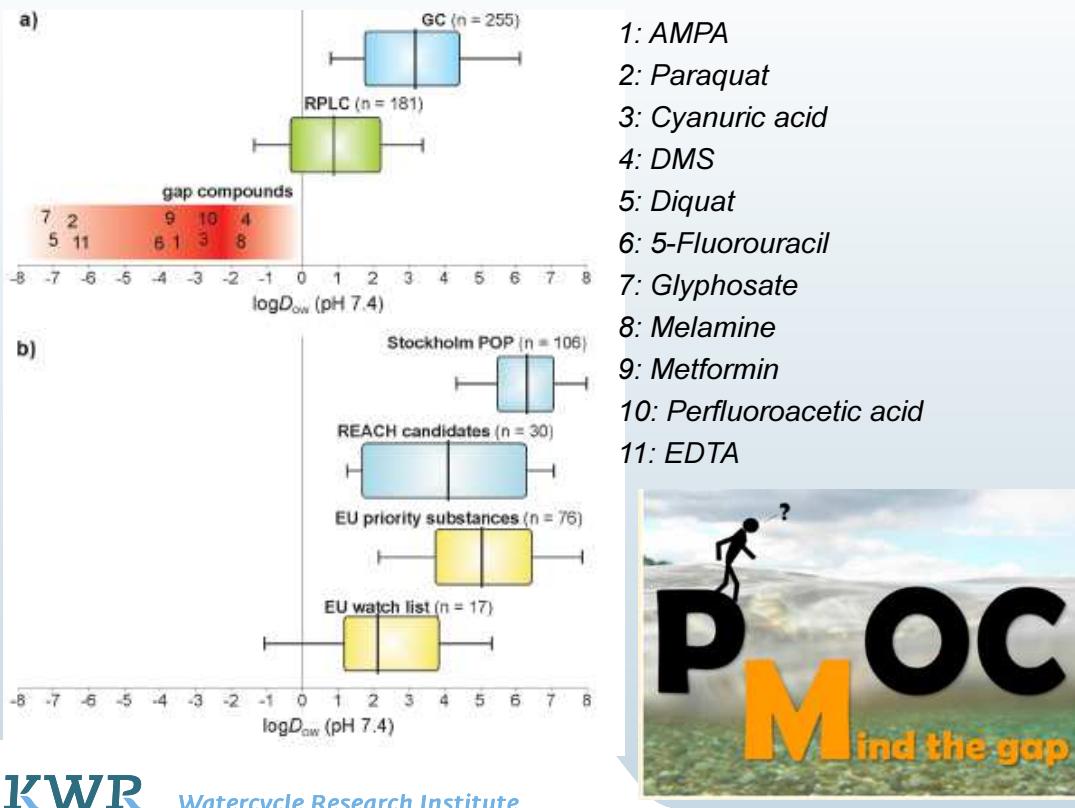
- Regulation:
 - ban / restrictions
- Societal change:
 - new technologies, products and medications
 - ageing of population
- Climate change (precipitation):
 - Non-point source pollution



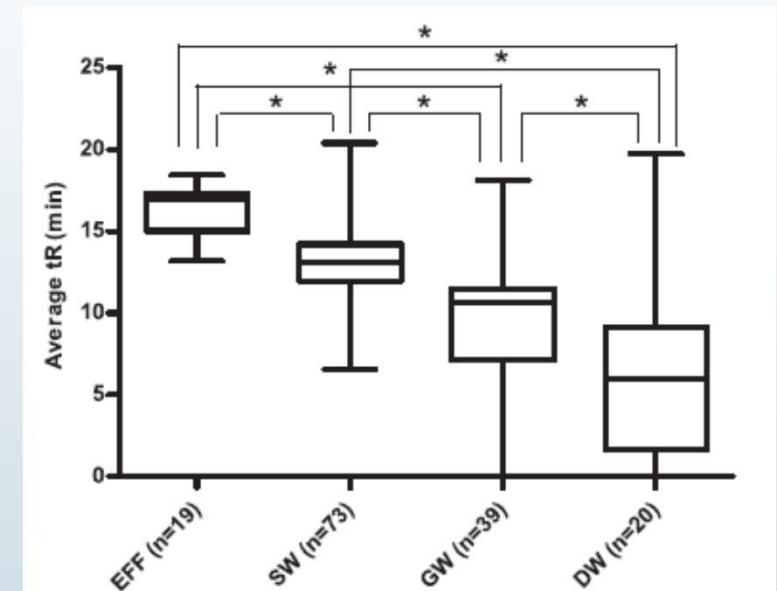
Trend 2

Aandacht voor zeer polaire stoffen

Reemstma et al, ES&T, 2016

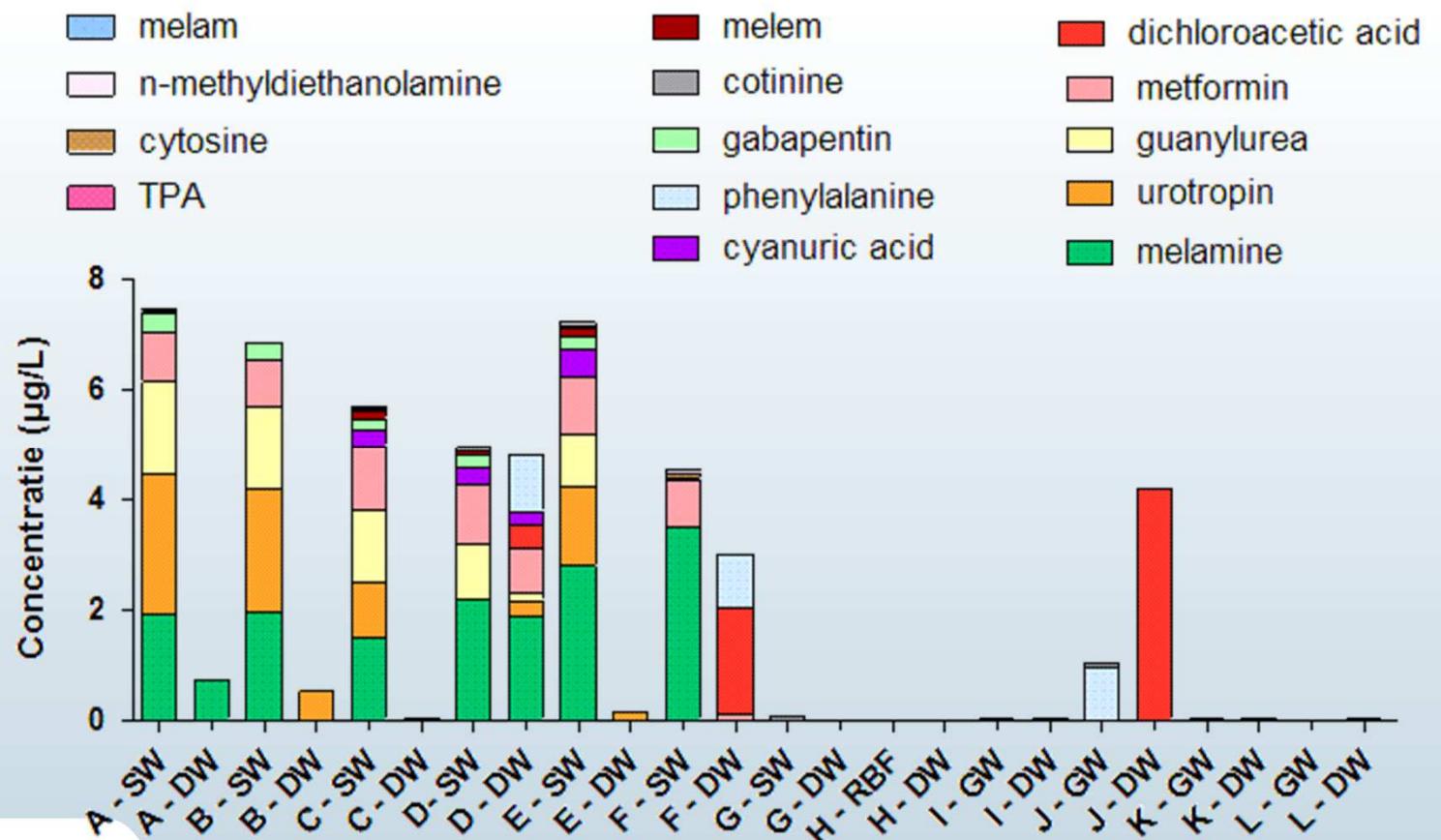


Sjerps et al, Water Research, 2016



Results - HILIC target/non target analyse

Monitoring voor en na zuivering



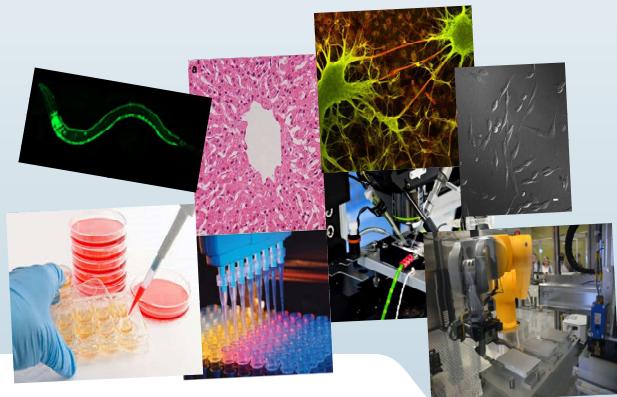
Trend 3

Bioassays - Effect metingen

Effectmeting als maat voor

- aanwezigheid van stoffen
- risico's van stoffen

Wat gebeurt met de werking van cellen en moleculen in aanwezigheid van stoffen?



Toepassingen van bioassays:

- wanneer chemisch-analytisch meten niet vanzelfsprekend is
- voor het testen van de **totale respons** van alle aanwezige stoffen (en mogelijk mengseleffecten)
- bioassays zijn in sommige gevallen meer gevoelig dan chemische analyses

Bioassays

Eindpunten voor waterkwaliteit

- DNA schade / reactieve effecten (Ames test)
- Effecten op hormoonsystemen (Calux)
- Effecten op metabolisme van lichaamsvreemde stoffen
- Adaptieve stress responsen (bijvoorbeeld reactie op oxidatieve stress)
- Effecten op ontwikkeling en productie
 - *Hier voor zijn nog weinig bioassays*

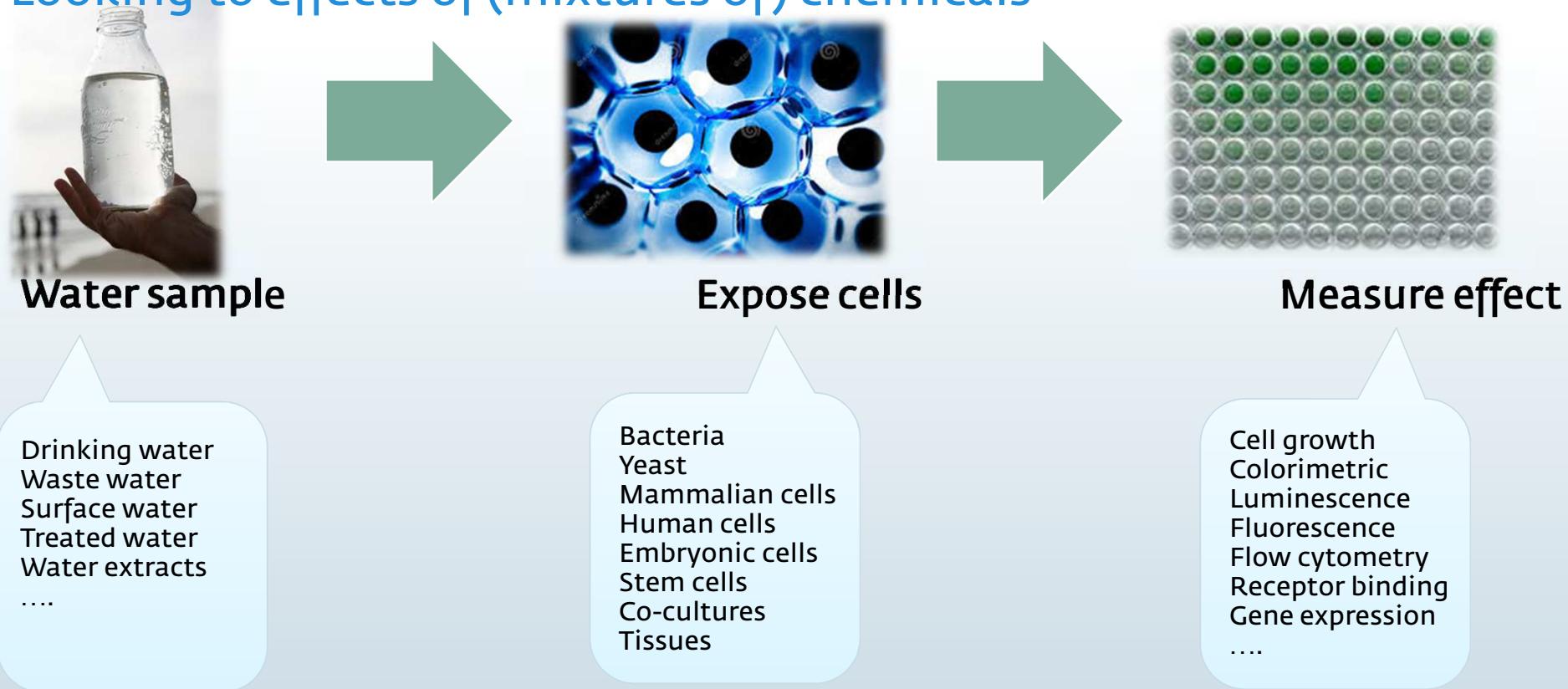
Uitdagingen

- recente innovaties (nieuwe tools)
- interpretatie
 - effect-signalwaarden (trigger values)
 - mengseltoxicologie (effect door gecombineerde blootstelling?)
- andere effecten?
 - zenuwstelsel en immuunsysteem
 - opkomende stoffen



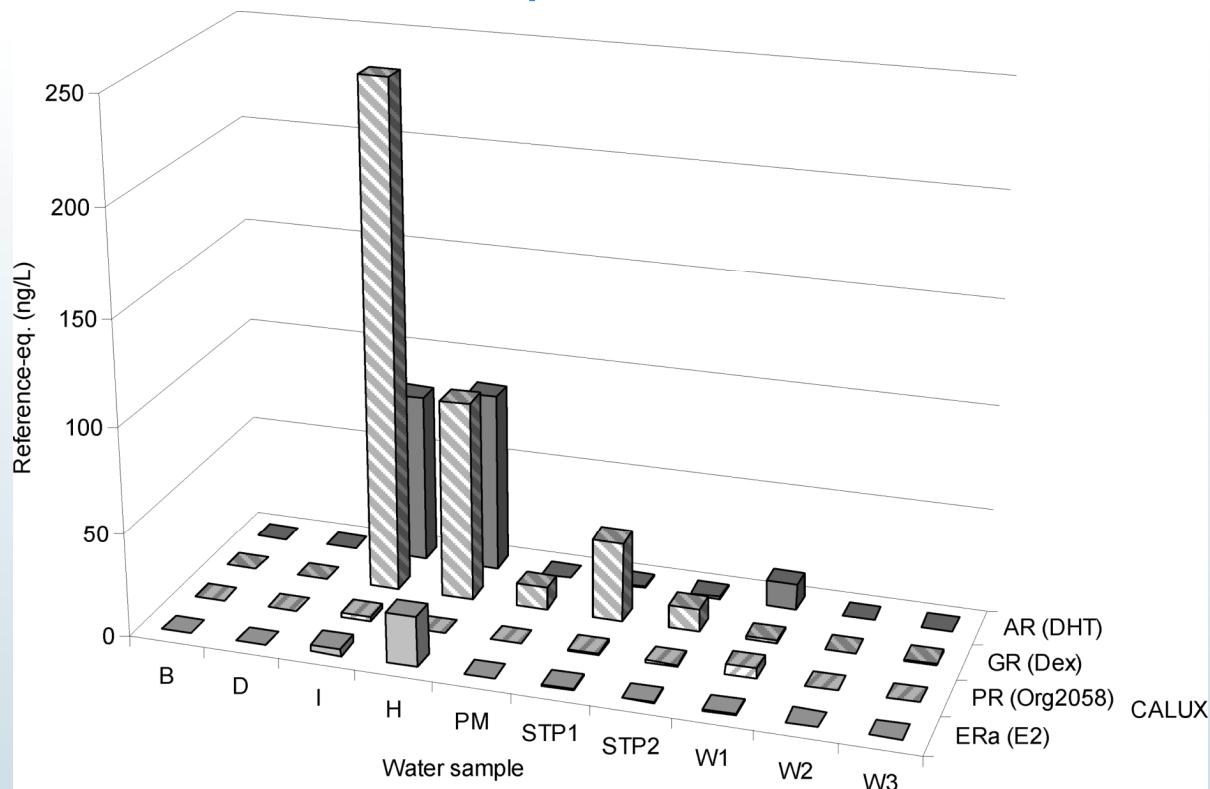
Bioassays

Looking to effects of (mixtures of) chemicals



Bioassays - effects

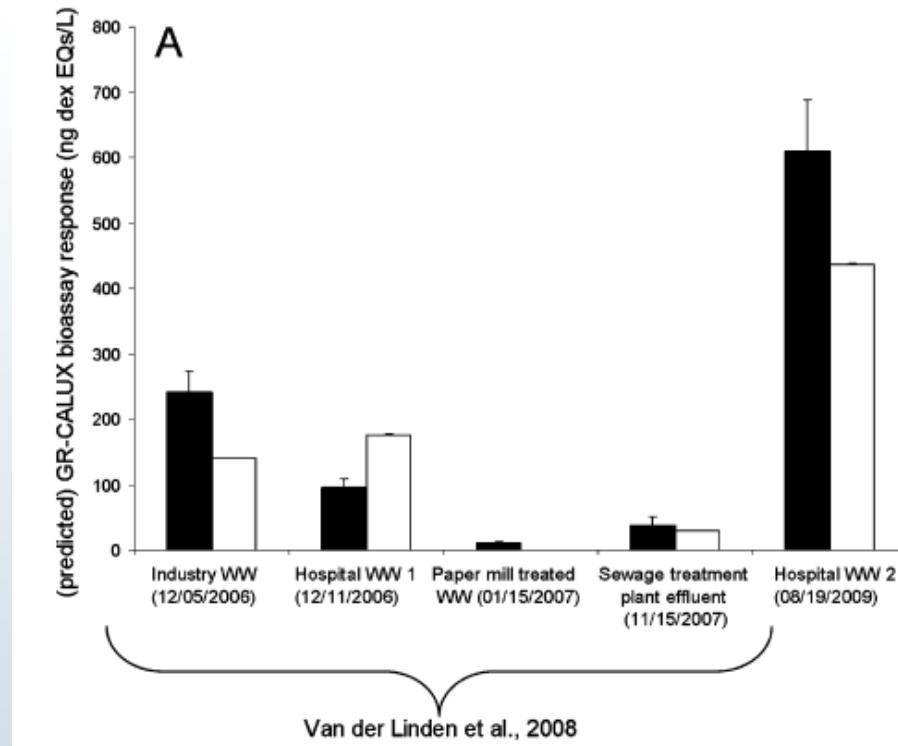
Water samples – Endocrine disruption



Van der Linden *et al.*, ES&T (2008) 5814-5820

Bioassays - effects

Effect metingen - water samples – Endocrine disruption



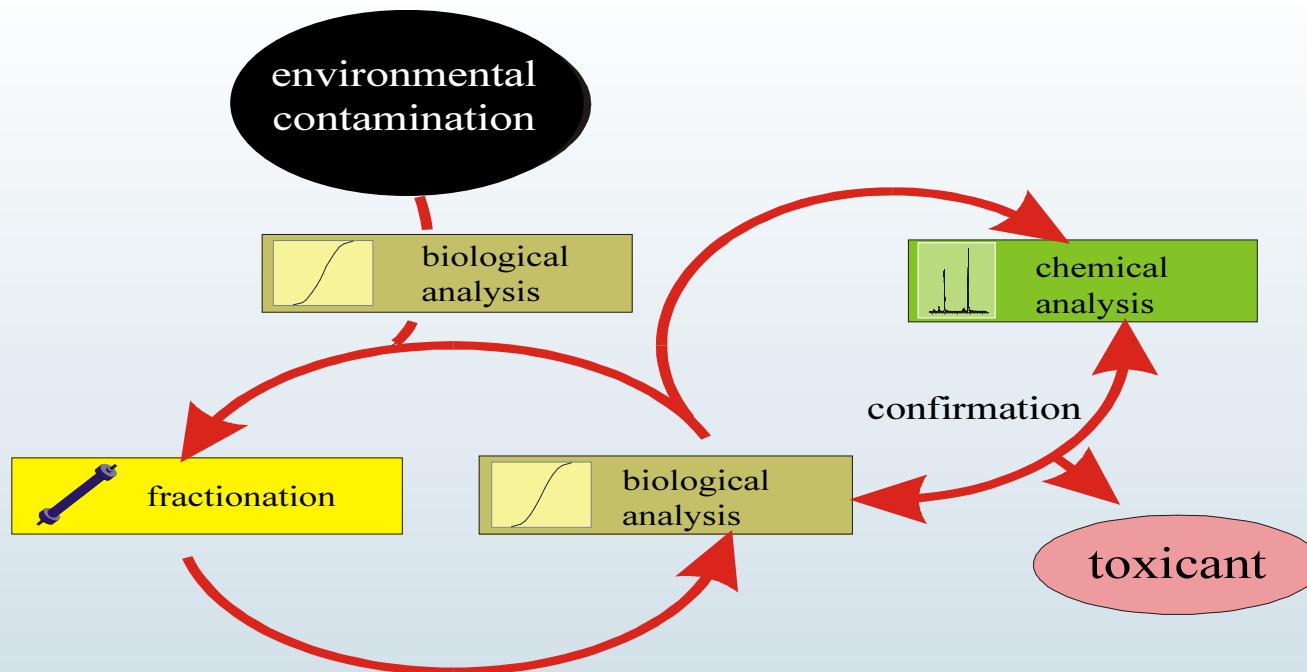
Measured GR CALUX bioassay response

“Predicted” GR CALUX bioassay response

Schriks et al ES&T (2010), 44, (12), 4766-4774

Combination bioassays – analytical chemistry

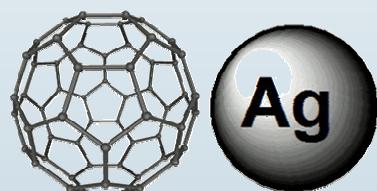
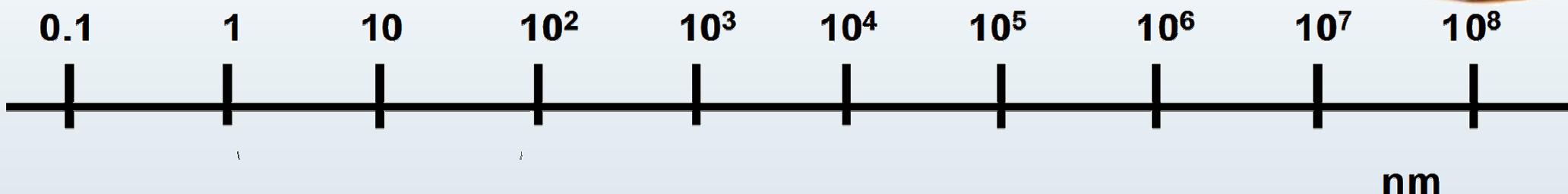
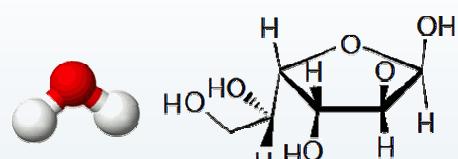
The best of both world.....s



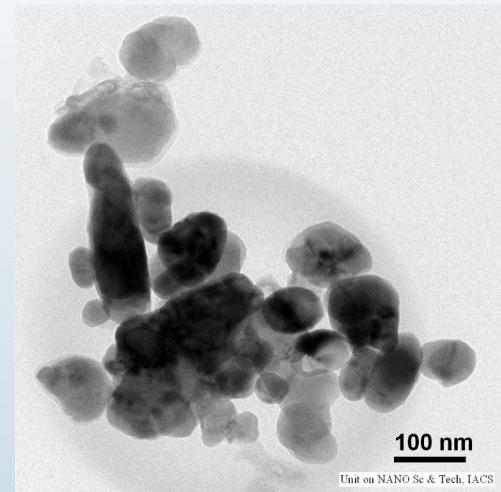
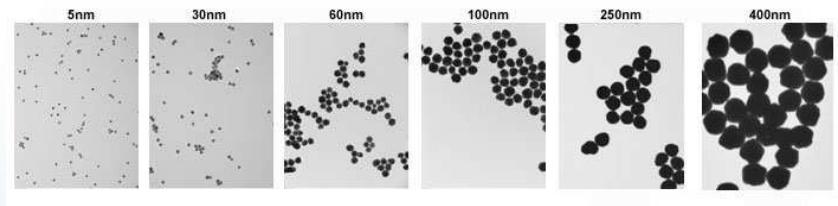
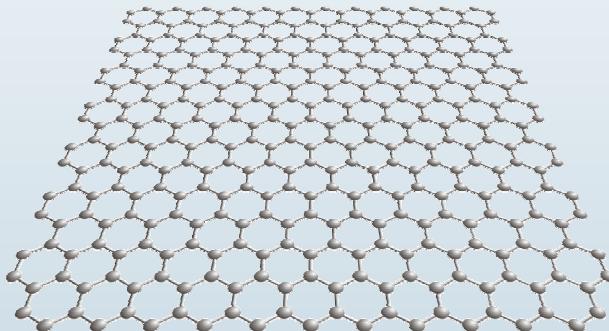
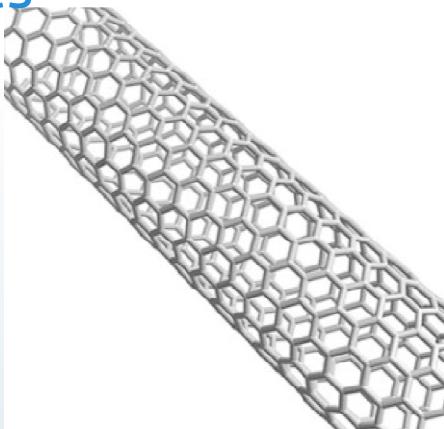
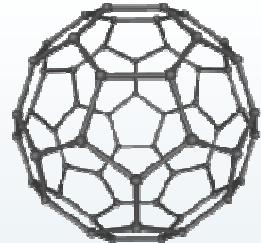
<http://www.ufz.de/eda-emerge/>

Trend 4

Deeltjes analyses



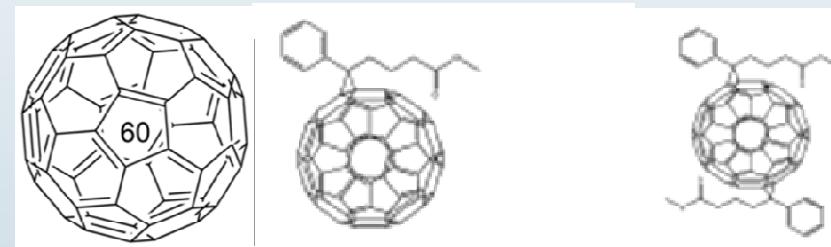
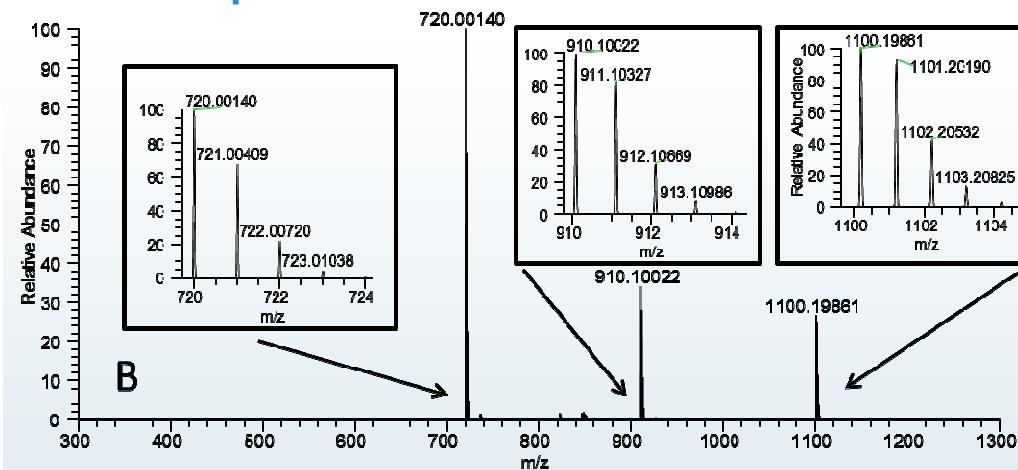
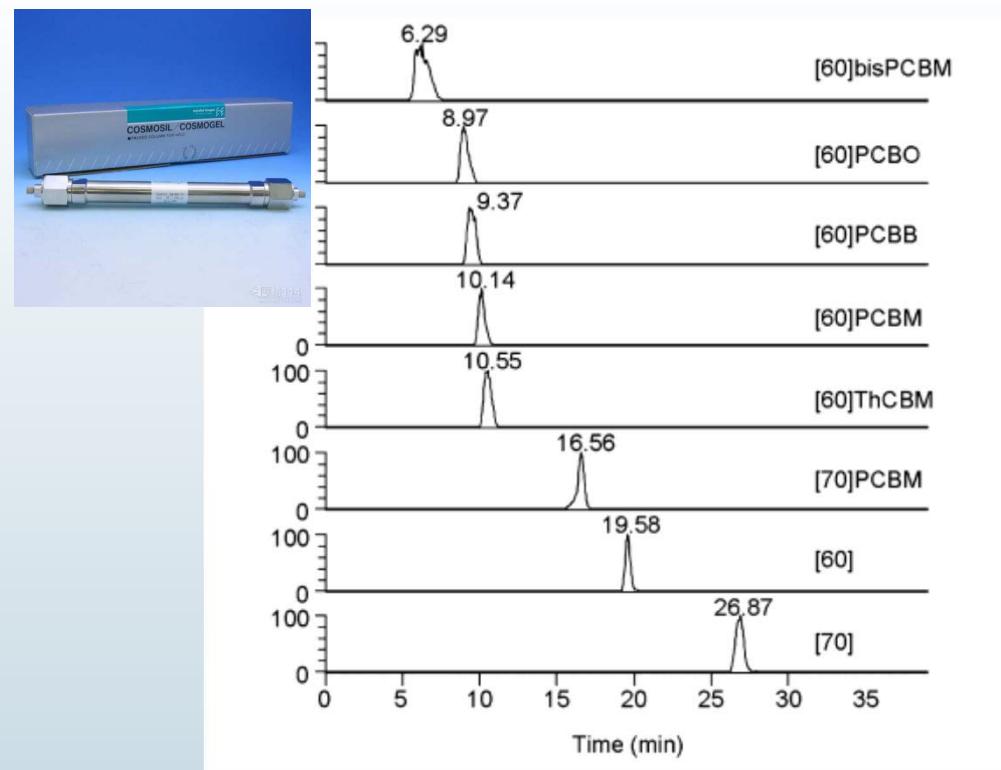
Deeltjes analyse nanodeeltjes



Unit on NANO Sc & Tech, IACS

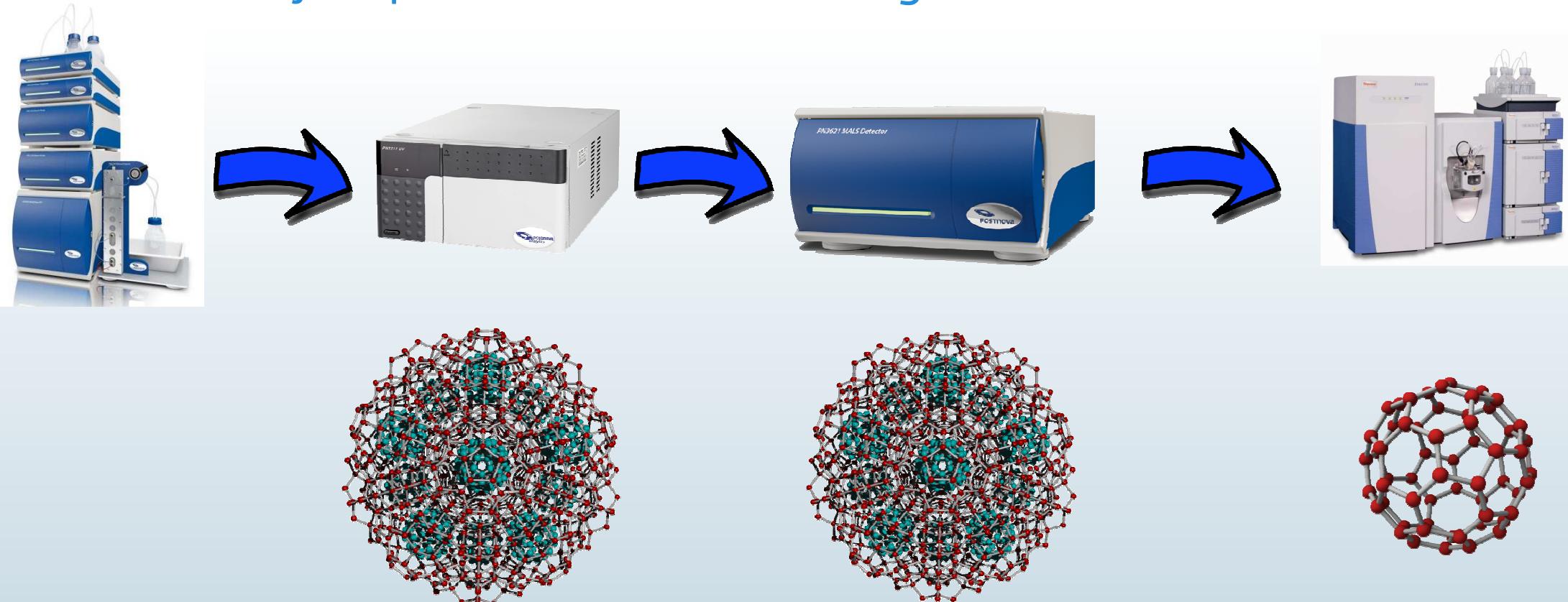
Deeltjes analyse

Nanodeeltjes – fullerenen - HPLC Orbitrap MS



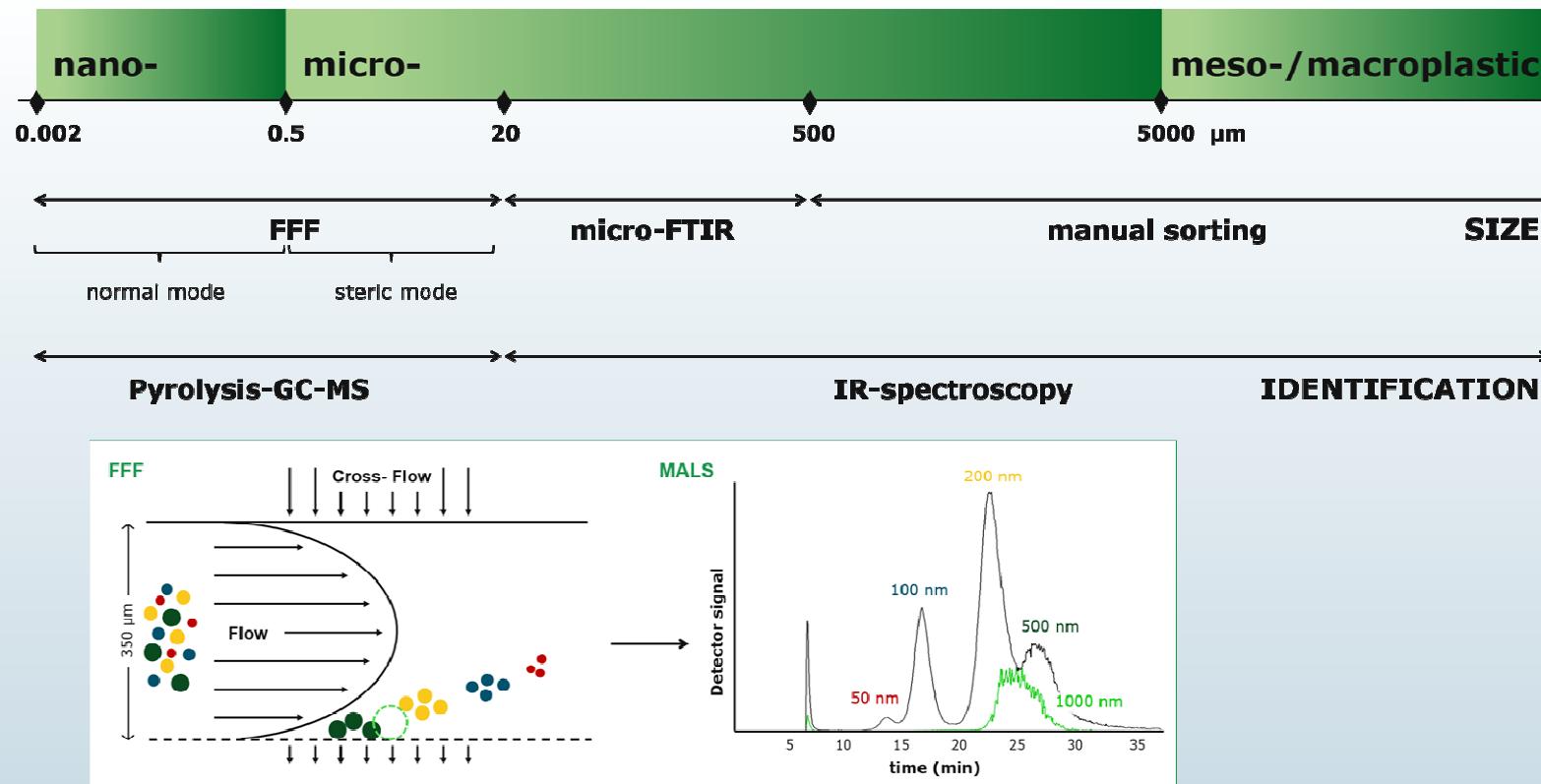
Deeltjes analyse

Nanodeeltjes – fullerenen - FFF scheiding van C60 clusters



Deeltjes analyse

Micro/nanoplastics: Closing the gap between small and smaller



Tenslotte

Trends in chemische analyses

Nieuwe tools (non target screening, analyse zeer polaire stoffen, bioassays, deeljesmetingen) zijn leuk voor een analytisch chemicus; maar toepassing in een relevant vraagstuk is nog interessanter:

- Verstoring bij een RWZI, wat is de oorzaak?
- Welke transformatieproducten worden gevormd in een zuivering?
- Kwaliteit van afvalwater, struviet, regeneraat, calciet, ect.,.
- Monitoring (tijd, ruimte)
- Uw favoriete vraagstuk
-
- ect

Annemieke.kolkman@kwrwater.nl



@KWR_Water